Time f0r English
Primary six - 2nd Term
2017 - 2018





Name:..

Class:..

Mr. Adel Abed Elhady
01100422437
01009723719



The school concert

Conversation Time

concert	حفلة موسيقية	lift	يرفع
clean up	ينظف	by the window	بجوار الشباك
music room	حجرة الموسيقى	heavy	ثقيل
ready	جاهز – مستعد	light	خفيف
sure	بالتأكيد – أكيد	look out	احترس
move	يتحرك – يحرك	What's going on in?	ماذا يحدث ؟
bass	آلة موسيقية/كونترباص	here	هنا
Over there	هناك	there	هناك
behind	خلف - وراء	take	يأخذ
by myself	بنفسى	give	يعطى

Important notes ملاحظات هامة

بعض التعبيرات المستخدمة فى المحادثة:-

1	I'm helping Mr. Khaled clean up the music room.	١- أنا اساعد مستر خالد فى تنظيف حجرة الموسيقى
2	He's getting ready for the concert.	٢- إنه يستعد للحفلة الموسيقية
3	Put it over there by the window.	٣- ضعها هناك بجوار الشباك
4	It's so heavy.	٤- انها ثقيلة جداً
5	What's going on in here?	٥- ماذا يحدث هنا؟

Verbs تصريف الأفعال

Present	past	Present	past
clean ينظف	cleaned	Want يريد	wanted
get يحصل على	got	move يحرك - يتحرك	moved
put يضع	put	lift يرفع	lifted
take يأخذ	took	go يذهب	went

Structures

Offering Help عرض المساعدة

عند عرض المساعدة على شخص ما نستخدم الآتى :-

➔ **Can I help you ?** هل يمكن أن أساعدك؟

➔ **Do you want some help ?** هل تريد بعض مساعدة ؟

و لإجابة بالقبول نستخدم :-

✍ **Yes , please** نعم من فضلك - **Sure** بالتأكيد

و لإجابة بالرفض نستخدم :-

✍ **No , thanks.** - ✍ **No , thank you .** لا شكرا

عند السؤال فى زمن المضارع المستمر نستخدم الآتى :-

⇨ **What{am–is–are}+الفاعل+doing now?** ماذا تفعل- يفعل الآن؟

فاعل + am – is – are + فعل + ing

What are you doing now ? ✍**I am reading a story .**



1- listen and circle:

1- Can I help you?
a- Sure. You can carry the bag. b-There's a car behind you.
2- What are you doing?
a- I'll take it. b- We're cleaning up.
3- a- Where can I put this bass? b- Do you need any help?
- Put it over there, by the window.
4- a- Can you lift it by yourself? b- What are you doing?
- It’s chicken soup.

2- listen and complete:

Ahmed : What are you ………………….. ?
Mona : I'm helping Mr. Khalid clean up the room.
Ahmed : ………… I help you?
Mona :Sure. You can move the bass.
Ahmed :Look out! There's a box ……………… you.
Mona : Ahhhh!
Miss Nadia :What's going on in here?
Ahmed :We're ……………… up.

3- Choose the correct answer from a, b, c or d:

[1] Can I ………………….. you?
a) helps b) helped c) help d) helping
[2] Look ………………! There's a box behind you.
a) out b) in c) on d) of
[3] What are you ………………….. ?
a) do b) doing c) did d) does
[4] I can't left it ………………… myself .
a) of b) from c) with d) by

[5] What's going ………………….. in here?

a) at b) with c) to d) on

[6] He's getting ready ……………….. the concert.

a) to b) up c) for d) of

[7] Please, …………………..the bass behind the door.

a) help b) eat c) move d) drive

[8] I can't left the box because it is …………………

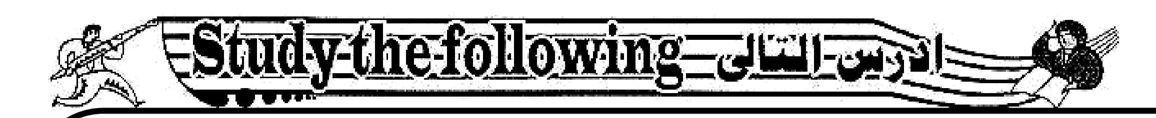
a) heavy b) small c) light d) ready

4- Circle the odd word and replace it with a correct one:

1	clean	take	got	lift	…………………………
2	what	behind	where	when	…………………………
3	for	by	heavy	on	…………………………
4	music	concert	help	bass	…………………………
5	school	hospital	room	lunch	…………………………

Word Time

composer	ملحن	electric keyboard	أورج – بيانو كهربى
Musician	موسيقار	cello	كمنجة كبيرة –شلو
musical instrument	آلة موسيقية	trumpet	بوق – ترمبيت
tuba	بوق	violin	كمان - كمنجة
cymbals	الصنج – صاجات	row	صف
xylophone	اكسليفون	audience	جمهور
harp	قيثارة	message	رسالة
recorder	نوع من الناى له ٨ ثقوب	woman	امرأة
flute	مزمار– ناى–فلوت	stomach	معدة
drum	طبلة	Stomach ache	ألم فى المعدة



-How many+اسم جمع? ١-للسؤال عن العدد نستخدم

-How many bottles of water did you drink?

-Can you + مصدر ? ٢- للطلب هل يمكننى--

Can you take a massage?

Do you want ------? ٣-للعرض نستخدم

Ex: Do you want to practise together?

- I like ……… ٤- للتعبير عن حب شئ

Ex: I like playing the violin, but I don't practise enough.

أسماء الإشارة

القريب	البعيد
What is this ما هذا مفرد؟	What is that? ما ذلك مفرد
this is + a/an اسم مفرد	that is + a/an اسم مفرد

1 – This is a tuba . That is a flute .
2 – This is a cello . That is a harp.

Exercises

1- Circle the odd word and replace it with a correct one:

1	tuba	harp	table	flute	…………………………
2	play	xylophone	listen	eat	…………………………
3	music room	class	school	cymbals	…………………………
4	trumpet	dinner	drum	cello	…………………………
5	can	do	message	is	…………………………

2- Choose the correct answer from a, b, c or d:

[1] ………………….. is Hind Mustafa.
a) He b) They c) We d) This

[2] She was at the …………. She got some money.
a) pavement b) hotel c) bank d) school

[3] …………..you want some help ?
a) Do b) Have c) Are d) Does

[4] Ahmed is talking ………………the mobile phone.
a) in b) on c) over d) by

[5] The ………………….. is a musical instrument.
a) tap b) tree c) tuba d) table

[6] I ……………….. a stomach ache.
a) have b) make c) take d) see

[7] How many ………of water did you have at dinner?
a) bottle b) a bottle c) bottles d) slices

[8] Can you …………………a message?
a) take b) practise c) play d) want

3- Rearrange the following words to make correct sentences:

1] can't – I – it – lift – by - myself.

…………………………………………………………………

2] bottles – have – you – did – many - How?

…………………………………………………………………

3] you – message – Can – a – take .

…………………………………………………………………

4] a stomach – I – have – ache .

…………………………………………………………………

4- Punctuate the following sentences:

1] my name s salma

…………………………………………………………………

2] can i help you, ali

…………………………………………………………………

Focus Time

Good - well	جيد – بطريقة جيدة	happy–happily	سعيد – بسعادة
quick–quickly	سريع – بسرعة	bad – badly	سئ – بسوء
slow – slowly	بطئ – ببطء	quiet– quietly	هادئ – بهدوء
sad – sadly	حزين – بحزن	loud – loudly	صاخب – بصخب

Adverbs الظروف

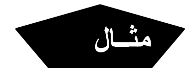
الاستخدام:

يستخدم الظرف بعد الفعل ليصفه

➡ Dalia walks slowly

التكوين:

يتكون الظرف باضافة (ly) للصفة



➡ Slow – slowly * loud – loudly * quiet – quietly

الصفات التي تنتهي ب (y) تقلب (y) الى (i) ونضيف (ly) للصفة



➡ happy – happily

هناك ظروف غير منتظمة لا تتكون باضافة (ly) للصفة

أمثـلة

➡ good – well

* أما الصفة تصف الفاعل . . .

➡ He played the flute badly ➡ He is bad .

practice makes perfect الممارسة تؤدي الى ا إتقان



الصفة تصف الفاعل.......................الظرف يصف الفعل



Practice Time

للسؤال عن الحال فى الماضى نستخدم

How did + الفاعل + المصدر?

How did they ply the flute?

They played it well.

وعند وصف حدوث الفعل نستخدم (الحال + الفعل+الفاعل-)

1 –How did she play the trumpet ?

✍ She played the trumpet well.

2 – How did she play the drums ?

✍She played the drums loudly.

3 – How did she play the xylophone ?

✍ She played the xylophone happily .

Exercises

1- Choose the correct answer from a, b, c or d:

[1] How did he …………………the tuba?

a) play b) eat c) read d) drink

[2] Shimaa played the piano …………..

a) bad b) good c) well d) slow

[3] …………..did you play the flute ? – I played it sadly.

a) When b) How c) Where d) What

[4] I played the drums ……………….

a) quick b) quicker c) quickest d) quickly

[5] She was ……………… . She has a new dress.

a) happily b) happy c) happier d) happiest

[6] He ………….. the electric keyboard happily.

a) play b) playing c) played d) are playing

[7] How ………he played the cymbals? – He played them loudly.

a) does b) is c) did d) was

[8] They played the harp …………………

a) loudly b) loud c) good d) bad

---

2. Look and write a paragraph of FOUR sentences.

Now

Reading Time

student	طالب – طالبة	first x last	الاول x الأخير
chorus	الكورال / فريق غناء	second	الثانية
orchestra	فرقة موسيقية	perform (ed)	يؤدي / ينجز / يمثل
performance	أداء / عرض	sing – sang	يغنى – غنى
a lot of	كثير من	give – gave	يعطي
song	أغنية	write – wrot	يكتب – كتب
solo	فردي	a play	مسرحية
soloist	عازف / مغنى منفرد	wake up - woke up	يستيقظ
Bach and Beethoven	بخ و بيتهوفن	hit	يصدم/يضرب/نجاح
Mozart and Chopin	موزارت وشوبان	before x after	قبل x بعد
winter	الشتاء	party	حفلة
spring	الربيع	family	أسرة – عائلة
summer	الصيف	families	عائلات
fall / autumn	الخريف	restaurant	مطعم
last night	الليلة الماضية	spaghetti	مكرونة اسباجيتي
hit	نجاح باهر	grade	صف دراسي
evening	المساء	elementary	اولي / ابتدائي

Exercises

1- Circle the odd word and replace it with a correct one:

1	loudly	father	brother	sister	....
2	spaghetti	rice	cello	bread	....
3	quickly	sad	well	slowly	....
4	quiet	loud	badly	happy	....
5	tuba	flute	bottle	drums	....

2-Read the passage and answer the questions :-

My name is Kareem . Tomorrow we will have the school ceremony . I will play the flute . My friend Ahmed will play the piano . My friend Salma will play the bass . My father and my mother will come to the school to see me playing the flute.

1 - …………………… will play the piano .

a- Father b- Kareem c- Salma d- Ahmed

2 – Kareem will play the ……………………… .

a- piano b- flute c- bass d- computer

3 When is the school ceremony ?

……………………………………………………..……

4 Who will come to see Kareem ?

…………………………………………………………

3- Write a letter of five sentences:

Write a letter to your friend, Fatma to tell her about your favourite musical instrument. Your name is Shrouk and you live at 40 Fisal street , Giza.

……………………………………………………………………………………….

…………………………………………………………………………………………

…………………………………………………………………………………………

…………………………………………………………………………………………

…………………………………………………………………………………………

…………………………………………………………………………………………

…………………………………………………………………………………………

4. Punctuate the following sentences.

1. that s my recorder

…………………………………………………………………………………………

2. can i help you

…………………………………………………………………………………………

Test on Unit 6

1- Listen and circle:-

1- a- Yes , please . b- No , I don't .
2- a- I play a football match. b- I am drawing a picture .
3- a- No , I didn't . b- Yes , I do .
4- a- She is playing the piano . b- He is playing the bass .

2- Listen and complete:-

Kareem: What were you last night?
Hoda :I was at the school …………….. .
Kareem: Did your school give a performance every month?
Hoda : …………….., they did?
Kareem: Can I ………………. With you next month?
Hoda :Yes, of course, you can come and watch it.
Kareem: What instrument do you ………………. On?
Hoda :I play the tuba.

3- Choose the correct answer from a, b, c or d:

[1] She goes to the hospital. She has a …………………
a) stomach b) Stomach ache c) heavy d) concert

[2] ………….. out! There's a box behind you.
a) Take b) Look c) Give d) Help

[3]How ………….. he play the xylophone ? – He plays it sadly.
a) do b) doing c) does d) did

[4] a ………………. Performs a lone.
a) chorus b) performance c) school d) soloist

[5] I'm helping my brother clean ……………… his room.
a) at b) out c) on d) up

[6] He is ………….. ready for the concert.
a) getting b) playing c) having d) seeing

[7] Please, ………you move the bass?
a) are b) can c) have d) do

[8] They played the flute …………………
a) loud b) quiet c) happy d) well

4- Circle the odd word and replace it with a correct one:

1	window	harp	xylophone	cello	....
2	recorder	cymbals	water	trumpet	....
3	loudly	quietly	flute	quickly	....
4	clean up	want	do	teacher	....
5	sadly	spring	summer	winter	....

5-Read the passage and answer the questions :-

Kareem and Mona like their teacher. They have a concert. Kareem is cleaning up the music room to help their teachers get ready for the concert. Mona wants to help. There is a box behind the bass. They move the heavy bass and have an accident. Miss Nadia is not happy to see the mess.

A- Choose the correct answer from a, b, c or d :-

1- Kareem is .... the music room .

a- cleaning up b- move c- playing d- eating

2- Miss Nadia is not .... to see the mess.

a- sad b- good c- happy d- well

B- Answer the following questions :-

3- Who likes their teachers? …………………………………………….

4- Where is the box? ………………………………………………….

---

6. Look and write a paragraph of FOUR sentences.



7- Rearrange the following words to make correct sentences:

1] perfect! – Well – practice – makes.

. . . .

2] lift – can – I – myself – it - by?

. . . .

3] in – on – here – What's – going?

....

4] play – the – Did – well - flute - they ?

....

8- Punctuate the following sentences:

1] where s rahma

....

2] i m helping manar clean her room

....

اكتب الكلمات

	حفلة موسيقية		اداء
	حجرة الموسيقي		الاول
	يستعد		الثاني
	بجوار الشباك		مجموعة من المغنيين
	خلف		عازف منفرد
	انتبه		حفلة
	متأكد		مانوع
	الة الكونترباص		يقدم عرض
	ثقيل		يستيقظ
	الم في المعدة		يقيم حفلة
	يتناول العشاء		يغني اغنية
	الة الكمان		يكتب مسرحية
	الطبلة		اوركسترا
	كمنجة		يؤدي
	صاجات		نجاح
	بيانو كهربائي - أورج		بعد



Zoo Animal Escape

Conversation Time

escape (d)	يهرب	should + مصدر	ينبغي أن
animal	حيوان	what should I do ?	ماذا ينبغي أن أفعل؟
emergency	طوارئ	stay (ed)	يقيم – يظل – يبقى
something	شيء ما	calm x angry	هادئ x غاضب
garden	حديقة	busy x free	مشغول x حُر
wild	متوحش / برى	now	الآن
scary	مرعب / مخيف	know	يعرف
pet / tame / domestic	اليف	I don't know	أنا لا أعرف
eyes	عيون	call (ed)	يتصل تليفونيا
parents	الوالدين	send – sent	يرسل
take care <u>of</u>	يهتم بـ /يعتنى بـ	sleep – slept	ينام – نام
little	صغير / قليل	see – saw	يرى – راى
there is	يوجد للمفرد	fly – flew	يطير – طار
there are	يوجد للجمع	tell – told	يخبر – أخبر
address	عنوان	take – took	يأخذ – أخذ
officer	ضابط	think – thought	يفكر / يعتقد
operator	عامل التليفون		

Important notes ملاحظات هامة

بعض التعبيرات المستخدمة فى المحادثة:-

1	122.What's the emergency?	النجدة معك على الخط ما هى حالة الطوارئ ؟
2	I think it's a wild animal.	أعتقد أنه حيوان متوحش
3	I can see its eyes.	أستطيع أن أرى عيناه
4	What's your name and address?	ما اسمك و عنوانك؟
5	Are your parents home?	هل والديك فى المنزل؟
6	I'm taking care of my little sister.	أنا أعتنى بأختي الصغيرة
7	What should I do?	ماذا يجب أن أفعل؟
8	Stay calm. I'm sending an officer now.	اهدأ وسأرسل لك ضابط الآن

Structures

What's the emergency? للسؤال عن حالة الطورىء
Help! There's ----------------- للرد نقول
What's your name and address? للسؤال عن الاسم والعنون
Mr.Khaled. 6 Nour El Islam Street.
Are your parents home? هل والديك بالمنزل ؟

No. They went to the cinema. لا. ذهبو الى الى السينما

I'm taking care of my little sister. اعتنى باختى الصغيرة
What should I do?لطلب النصيحة

Exercises

1. Listen and circle.

1.What's your name and address?
A.I like chocolate and ice cream.
B. Hanaa Hassan. 83 Orabi Street.
2.Are your parents home?
A. No. They went to the market. B. Yes. He is my father.
3. Stay calm.
A. What should I do? B. Where are you from?
4-It's animal
A. Can I help you? B. What's it?

2-Listen and complete:-

Woman : 122. What's the ………………………..?
Boy : Help! There's something in my garden.
Woman : ………………… is it?
Boy : I think it's a wild animal .
Woman : What's your name and …………………………?
Boy : Ahmed Samy. 49 ELsalam ………………………

3-Circle the odd word and replace it with a correct one.

1.	- dog	- animal	- cat	- drums	....
2.	- think	- go	- officer	- take	....
3.	- garden	- cinema	- sister	- theatre	....
4.	- parents	- sister	- wild	- brother	....
5.	- big	- small	- happy	- bag	....

4-Choose the correct answer:

1 – Lions and tigers are (wall – well – wild – wood) animals.

2 – Sally is taking care (of – with – after – for) her little sister.

3 – (Do – Have – Are – Is) your parents home?

4 – What's your name and (dress – a dress – address – dresses) ?

5 – Help! There is (anything – things – something – some things) in my garden.

6 – What should I (do – does – did – doing) ?

7 – Be quiet. The baby is (sleep – slept – sleeping – sleeps) now.

8 – (Staying – Stay – Stayed – Stays) calm, I'm sending an officer now.

5-Punctuate the following sentences.

1-what s your name

....

2-i ll take him to the zoo

....

Word Time

tiger	نمر	walk by	يمشى بالقرب من
eagle	نسر	bathroom	حمام
panda	دُب الباندا	vegetables	خضراوات
bear	دب	newspaper	جرائد
deer	غزال	take out	يُخرج
kangaroo	كانجرو	rubbish	قمامة
parrot	ببغاء	maybe	ربما
giraffe	زرافة	daughter	ابنة
lion	أسد	son	ابن
camel	جمل	sun	شمس
inside	بالداخل	rain	مطر
outside	بالخارج	cloudy	كثير السحب- ملبد بالغيوم
day	يوم	giant	ضخم – عملاق
today	اليوم	fact	حقيقة
night	ليل / ليلة	fast	سريع
tonight	الليلة	slow	بطيء
make- up	مكياج	sunburn	حمام شمس

Exercises

1-Circle the odd word and replace it with a correct one.

1.	tiger	deer	banana	lion	………………………
2.	Friday	Mum	Tuesday	Monday	………………………
3.	kangaroo	parrot	music	panda	………………………
4.	fish	flying	eating	taking	………………………
5.	maths	science	bear	Arabic	………………………

2-Rearrange the following :

1 – was – She – on – up – putting – make.

…………………………………………………………………………………

2 – My – a – was – taking – father – nap.

…………………………………………………………………………………

3 - I – rubbish – out – every – take – day – the.

…………………………………………………………………………………

4 – a – Can – tree – climb – you ?

…………………………………………………………………………………

---

3. Look and write a paragraph of FOUR sentences.



……………………………………………………………

……………………………………………………………

……………………………………………………………

……………………………………………………………

4-Write an email of four sentences to your friend Abeer, whose email is (abeer@Yahoo.com) to invite her to your birthday party. Your name is Safaa and your email address is (safaa@Yahoo.com)

…………………………………………………………………………………………

…………………………………………………………………………………………

…………………………………………………………………………………………

…………………………………………………………………………………………

…………………………………………………………………………………………

…………………………………………………………………………………………

…………………………………………………………………………………………

…………………………………………………………………………………………

…………………………………………………………………………………………

…………………………………………………………………………………………

…………………………………………………………………………………………

Focus Time

fly, flew	يطير	Chop vegetables	يقطع خضروات
hop, hopped	ينط / يقفز لاعلي	Watch TV	يشاهد تليفزيون
put on make-up	يضع مكياج	take, took out	يُخرج
take a nap	يأخذ غفوة من النوم	rubbish	قمامة
climb a tree	يتسلق شجرة	When	عندما
read newspaper	يقرأ جريدة	Walk by	يمشي بجانب
feed the birds	يُطعم الطيور	talk on the phone	يتحدث في التليفون

Practice Time

What	were you / was he	doing when the camel walked by?
	We were / He was	washing the car when the camel walked by.

Grammar

The Past Continuous Tense زمن الماضى المستمر

يتكون من :- **(was - were + v.- ing)**

* فى حالة النفى نضع was / were بعد not (wasn't – weren't)

* فى حالة السؤال نسأل بـ was / were- (Was he playing yesterday ?)

When قاعدة

(ماضى مستمر) When (ماضى بسيط)

*I was sleeping when Mona.......... (came – coming – comes – come)

When(ماضى بسيط) , (ماضى مستمر)

* *When you (phone – phones – phoned - was phoning) , I was eating.*

طريقة تكوين السؤال فى الماضى المستمر

اداة استفهام مناسبة+was-were + الفاعل +V+ing+When +ماضى بسيط?

1-What was she doing when the tiger ran by?

-She was talking on the phone when the tiger ran by.

2 – What were you doing when the deer walked by?

✍ I was talking on the phone.

Exercises

1 – Choose the correct answer:

1 – He was reading a book when the parrot (fly – flies – flying – flew) by.

2 – Ahmed was (doing – making – riding – driving) the laundry.

3 – My sister was (putting – making – doing – having) on make up yesterday evening.

4 – My father was (making – taking – doing – giving) a nap at three yesterday.

5 – Some animals (live – sleep – hibernate – run) in winter.

6 – I called 122 because there (is – was – were – are) something in the garden.

7 – What (are – was – do – were) you doing when the bear walked by?

8 – He (washed – is washing – was washing – washing) the car when the parrot flew by.

---

2 – Circle the odd word and replace it:

wash	talk	watching	chop	....
walked	flew	ran	climb	....
car	phone	birds	tree	....
lion	tiger	parrot	camel	....
feeding	watching	take	talking	....

3- Look and write :-



……………………………………………………………………

……………………………………………………………………

……………………………………………………………………

……………………………………………………………………

……………………………………………………………………

4 – Rearrange he following:

1 – your – What's – animal – favourite?

……………………………………………………………………

2 – father – is – My – his – washing – car – now.

……………………………………………………………………

3 – Sara – well – yesterday – played – very – piano – the

……………………………………………………………………

4 – were – you – when – panda – the – What – doing – walked – by ?

……………………………………………………………………

5- Read the passage and answer the questions :-

Look! These wild animals escaped from the zoo. They are in town, but the people don't see them. The people are busy talking on the phone, reading a newspaper, and watching TV. Ahmed is washing the car and a camel is behind him. A parrot is sitting on the roof. There are a camel, s tiger and a lion walking near the girl who's putting on make-up. A deer, a bear and a panda are near Kareem's house. An eagle is flying above the cat and a kangaroo is behind Mona and Sarah. A panda is walking by Mr Ahmed but he is sleeping.

A- Choose the correct answer from a, b, c or d :-

1- The people don't .... wild animals .

a- see b- walk c- wash d- read

2- A kangaroo is .... Moa and Sarah.

a- near b- under c- behind d- on

B- Answer the following questions :-

3- What is the lion doing ?...

4- Which animal is flying ?...

Reading Time

welcome	مرحباً	bamboo	بامبو / خيزران
giant	ضخم – عملاق	hibernate (d)	بيات شتوى
some	بعض	endanger (ed)	معرض للخطر
fact	حقيقة	around	حول
about	عن – بشأن	have to	يجب أن
Is – was (born)	يولد - وُلد	alive	على قيد الحياة / حي
weigh (ed)	يزن	live (d)	يعيش
gram	جرام	china	الصين
kilograms	كيلو جرام	iron (ed)	يكوي
ounce = 28 g	آوقية (وحدة وزن)	favourite	المفضل
pound = 0.45 kg	رطل (وحدة وزن)	food	طعام
adults	بالغون	vegetables	الخضروات
usually	عادة	bake (d)	يخبز
every day	كل يوم	cookie	كعكة محلاة
daily	يوميا	cheese	جبنة
hour	ساعة زمنية	nuts	مكسرات
mountain	جبل	story	قصة
forest	غابة	famous	مشهور
south	جنوب	black bears	الدببة السوداء

بعض تصريفات الأفعال الشاذة التى يجب حفظها جيدا

eat	ate	يأكل	see	saw	يرى
drink	drank	يشرب	sleep	slept	ينام
fly	flew	يطير	feed	fed	يطعم
swim	swam	يسبح	read	read	يقرأ
ride	rode	يركب	take	took	يأخذ
drive	drove	يقود	make	made	يصنع
run	ran	يجرى	speak	spoke	يتحدث
draw	drew	يرسم	give	gave	يعطى

عند المقارنة لصفة من الصفات بين شخصين أو شيئين يختلفان فى مقدار الصفة فإننا نقوم بالتالى:-

أمثلـــة

1 - The tiger is faster than the donkey.

2 – The elephant is bigger than the monkey .

ملحوظة ١ :-الصفات التى تنتهى بحرف ساكن قبله حرف متحرك يضاعف الحرف الأخير قبل إضافة الـــ er

EX :- 1- An elephant is bigger than the lion .

ملحوظة ٢ :-الصفات التى تنتهى بحرف Y قبله حرف ساكن
يتم حذف حرف الــ Y و إضافة الــــ er

EX :- 1- Amir is happier than Samir .

أما إذا تساوى الاثنان فى الصفة فإننا نقوم بالتالى:-

as + (الصفة) + as

EX :- 1- Amira is as tall as Yousef .

Exercises

1- Listen and circle :-

1- Where do the pandas live ?

a- The pandas live in the mountains of China .

b- They eat for 12 to 16 hours.

2- Is this the wild animal ?

a- Yes, it is. b- Yes, it does.

3- a- What was she doing when the tiger ran up ?

b- Where is she from ?

- She was talking on the phone when the tiger ran up.

4- a- Did Maha go to Alexandria ?

b- Does Mustafa write an e-mail on Sunday ?

- Yes, he does .

2- Listen and complete:-

Dina : I'm reading about ....
Maha: .... do they live ?
Dina : They live in the high mountains in the south of Cinna.
Maha: What do they eat ?
Dina : Their favourite food is ....
Maha: How much do adults pandas weigh ?
Dina : Adults Pandas usually weigh .... to 125 kilos.

3- Circle the odd one out and replace it with a correct one :-

1-	four	sixteen	five	giant	....
2-	legs	ears	tree	eyes	....
3-	climb	run	swim	parrot	....
4-	China	English	Egypt	France	....
5-	kilo	gram	pound	school	....

4- Look and write :-

....
....
....
....

5-Write an email of four sentences to your friend Magdy, whose email is (magdy@Yahoo.com) to tell him about wild animals. Your name is Adel and your email address is (adel@Yahoo.com)

....
....
....
....
....
....
....
....
....

Test on Unit 7

1- Listen and circle :-

1- What is the panda's favourite food ?

a- There are many stories about us.
b- The panda's favourite food is bamboo.

2- Are your parents home ?

a- No, they went to the cinema.
b- No, I can see its eyes.

3- a- How many giant Pandas are alive today ?
b- How much do adults giant pandas weigh ?

- ***Around 700 to 1000 pandas are alive today.***

4- a- Who likes apples ?
b- What were you doing when the panda walked by ?

- I was watching TV when the panda walked by.

2- Listen and complete:-

Ramy: Where did you .... yesterday ?
Mona: I went to the ....
Ramy: How did you go there ?
Mona: On ....
Ramy: What did you .... there ?
Mona: I saw a lot of animals.

3- Choose the correct answer from a, b, c or d:

[1] …………………is a tall kind of grass.
a) Chair b) Coffee c) Bamboo d) Bird

[2] The eagle is faster ………….. the parrot.
a) then b) than c) there d) the

[3] What was she…………..when the camel walked by?
a) did b) doing c) does d) do

[4] Some animals ………………. In winter.
a) hibernate b) live c) are d) were

[5] They were ……………… the birds when the lion walked by.
a) feeding b) drinking c) singing d) walking

[6] The operator of emergency sent a / an …………to help him.
a) teacher b) farmer c) nurse d) officer

[7] Giant pandas can climb trees and ……….
a) swam b) swim c) Swimming d) swims

[8] My mother always takes care ………………us.
a) an b) out c) of d) from

4- Circle the odd one out and replace it with a correct one :-

1-	hopped	ran	flew	camel	………………
2-	tree	flower	walk	plant	………………
3-	TV	phone	radio	parrot	………………
4-	rubbish	panda	deer	eagle	………………
5-	father	officer	teacher	doctor	

5- Read the passage and answer the questions :-

It was a sunny day last Friday. Noha went to the zoo with her friends on that day. They went there by bus. When they reached the zoo, they first got tickets. Then they entered the zoo and began to eat their breakfast. They had cheese, eggs and jam for breakfast. After that, they saw wild animals but they were careful of them. Finally, they spent a happy time together.

A- Choose the correct answer from a, b, c or d :-

1- A .... is a wild animal .
a- parrot b- hen c- lion d- goat

2- Noha and her friends had .... , eggs and jam.
a- cheese b- beans c- rice d- fish

B- Answer the following questions :-

3- Who did Noha go to the zoo with ?
………………………………………………………………………

4- What did Noha and her friends see at the zoo ?
………………………………………………………………………

6-Write an email of four sentences to your friend Hind, whose email is (hind@Yahoo.com) to tell her about your trip to the zoo. Your name is Mai and your email address is (mai@Yahoo.com)

....
....
....
....
....
....
....
....
....

7- Rearrange the following words to make correct sentences:

1] live – the mountains – China – in – pandas - Giant - of.

....

2] phone – on – Was – talking – the - she?

....

3] my – garden – There's – something – in .

....

4] your – What's – animal – favourite ?

....

8- Write the question and the answer :-

1- what will nadia do tomorrow

....

2- faten and i think it is a wild animal

....

Vocabulary

الكلمة	معناها	الكلمة	معناها
....	بري - متوحش	....	عنوان
....	الوالدين	....	هادئ
....	يعتني ب	....	ضابط
....	حديقة الحيوان	....	حيوانات
....	هروب	....	النجدة
....	شئ ما	....	السينما
....	صغير	....	اخت
....	ابق هادئا	....	عيون
....	حديقة	....	نزل
....	طوارئ	....	الان
الفعل في المضارع	الفعل في الماضي	الفعل في المضارع	الفعل في الماضي
take	**took**	**run**	**ran**
stay	....	....	**walked**
send	....	....	**hopped**
think	....	....	**talked**
forget	....	....	**climbed**
get	....	....	**washed**
wear	....	....	**chopped**
go	....	....	**flew**
fly	....	....	**put**
eat	....	....	**read**
give	....	....	**fed**
play	....	....	**sang**

The past simple tense زمن الماضى البسيط

يستخدم زمن الماضي البسيط للتعبير عن فعل حدث في الماضي وانتهى .

يتم تكوين الفعل في زمن الماضي لبسيط بإضافة ed أو d للفعل المنتهى بـ e في حالة الأفعال المنتظمه

look ينظر ☞ looked نظر thank يشكر ☞ thanked شكر

live يعيش ☞ lived عاش invite يدعو ☞ invited دعى

الأفعال الغير منتظمة لها صيغه خاصة بكل فعل (تحفظ)

go يذهب ☞ went ذهب send يرسل ☞ sent ارسل

take يأخذ ☞ took اخذ see يرى ☞ saw رأى

لاحظ ان V(to be) فى الماضى يكون كما يلى :

I - He - she - it	➔	was
They - we – you	➔	were

هناك بعض الكلمات التى تدل على الماضى البسيط مثل

Yesterday – last – ago

1.She sent Mona a postcard yesterday.
2.We went to Luxor last week.
3.Ziad was in Aswan a week ago.
4.They were very busy yesterday.
5 -Mr. Khaled taught us last year [teach]
6-Yara visited Cairo.
8-Walaa bought a red pen .

1-Choose the correct answer :-

1-Yesterday Ahmed (drink – drank drunk]a glass of milk
2-Last week, Asmaa [met – meet – meeting] her friend .
3-In the morning I [ate –eat – eating – eats] a sandwich .
4-Yesterday , Ali [runs – run – running – ran] to school .
5-Last Friday, Nagwa [break – broke – breaks] the window

* كيفية تكوين السؤال فى الزمن الماضى البسيط

- تبدأ السؤال بكلمة **Did** و يبقي الفعل المصدر

1-Did Ahmed come early yesterday ?

- إذا بدأ السؤال بكلمة استفهام **. question - Wh** فإننا نضع بعدها كلمة **did .**

2- Where did Reem go last Friday ?

- إذا كان في الجملة فعل كان **(was – were)** فإننا نبدأ به السؤال .

3- Was Eman at home ?   -Yes, she was .

4-Were they doctors ?   – No, they weren't

* كيفية نفى الزمن الماضى البسيط :-

في حالـــــة النفي نضع **did not** قبل الفعل و نترك الفعل في المصدر .

1-They played football yesterday .

2-They did not play football yesterday

- زمن الماضي المستمر the past continuous tense

- التكوين :

يتكون من

الفاعل+ was /were + v- ing

Ex . He was playing tennis .

(I / he / she / it)………was

(we / you / they) …….were

- النفي :

يتم النفي كالأتي

الفاعل- + wasn't / weren't + v + ing .

Ex Ali wasn't eating .

- الاستفهام:

١- السؤال بمعني هل

-Was / were + الفاعل + v + ing ?

Ex .were you learning English ?

Yes , I was

No , I wasn't

طريقة تكوين السؤال فى الماضى المستمر

اداة استفهام مناسبة+was-were + الفاعل +V+ing+When +ماضى بيسط?

1-What was she doing when the tiger ran by?

-She was talking on the phone when the tiger ran by.

١ – يعبر عن حدث كان مستمر في الماضي أو حدث مستمر و قطعه حدث أخر .
٢ – كلماته : عندما When (بينما while – As)

When(ماضى بسيط) , (ماضى مستمر)

*** When Amira phoned me . I was eating .**

*** We were walking when Mr. Adel saw us .**

While (ماضى مستمر) , (ماضى بسيط)

***While Mahmoud was playing ,his father arrived .**

*** A car hit her while she was crossing the street .**

1-Finish the sentences using" wasn't , weren't , was , were , while , when" :-

1-Shaimaa and Nada ………playing with Amany .
2- ………..Mohamed was eating , we visited him .
3-Marwa ………playing ……….her father came .
4-Osama and Maged ………..reading …………we saw them .
5-Was Yara smiling ? Yes, she ……………………….
6 – Were they carrying bags ? No, they ………….
7 – Was Ola wearing jeans ? Yes, ……………* No, ……………
8- Ahmed ……..watching TV at six o'clock yesterday evening .
9- Manar ………ironing her dress at seven o'clock yesterday morning .
10- Omar and Mostafa ……….having breakfast at eight o'clock yesterday morning .
11- My mother ………..cooking at ten o'clock yesterday morning .

2-Correct the verbs :-

1. The children (jump) ………………..when their mother arrived .
2.The thief (run) ……………..…..when the policeman stopped him .
3.A car hit her while she (cross) ………………..the street .
4.While I (read) …………………the story , Ahmed asked a question .
5.The old man fell down while he (go) ……………….………..home .]



Unit 8 In Kindergarten

Conversation Time

kindergarten	kg روضة أطفال	come on	هيا تعالى
nursery	حضانة	give up	يقلع – يستسلم
board	سبورة–لوح خشب	good work	عمل جيد
front	أمام	pass out	يمرر / يوزع
I don't know	لا اعرف	clean - cleaned	ينظف
how	كيف	What did you get?	ماذا حصلت على؟
that's okay	و هو كذلك / لا بأس	get - got	يحصل على
it's easy	انه سهل	hundred	مائة
difficult	صعب	so did I	كذلك أنا / أنا كمان
too	جدا	show (ed)	يعرض/يوضح/يبين
hard x easy	صعب x سهل	I'd rather	من الافضل
let me	دعني / اسمح لي	better than	أفضل من
letter	حرف / خطاب	sit - sat	يجلس (جلس)
only	فقط		
work	عمل / أداء		

Important notes ملاحظات هامة

بعض التعبيرات المستخدمة فى المحادثة:-

1	I don't know how.	لا أعرف كيف
2	Let me show you how. It's easy.	دعنىأوضح لك انه سهل
3	I can't. It's too hard.	لا أستطيع انه صعب جداً
4	Come on. Don't give up.	تعالى لا تفقد الأمل
5	Judy, please help me pass out the homework.	جودىمن فضلك ساعدينى فى تمرير الواجب
6	Hassan, clean the board, please.	نظف السبورة من فضلك يا حسن
7	What did you get?	ما الذى حصلت عليه؟
8	So did I.	وانا أيضاً



1-Listen and circle:

1. What did you get?

A. I got a hundred. **B. I'm sorry.**

2. Can you write the letter "b"?

A. No, I don't. **B. Yes, I can.**

3. It's easy for Ahmed to write the letter "a"?

A:Is it easy for Ahmed to write the letter "a"?

B: Is it easy for Ahmed to read the letter "a"?

4. It's not hard.

A. Is it hard? **B. What's it? .**

2- Listen and complete:

Teacher: Mona, please come to the front. Write the ……….on the board.

Mona : I don't know how.

Teacher: Let me show you how. It's ……………………………

Mona : No, I can't. It's ……………………………………..

Teacher: Come on Mona. Don't give up.

Mona : Hey! I can do it.

Teacher: Good work Mona. Please……………………….

3- Circle the odd one out and replace it with a correct one :-

1-	hopped	ran	flew	camel	………………
2-	tree	flower	walk	plant	………………
3-	TV	phone	radio	parrot	………………
4-	rubbish	panda	deer	eagle	………………
5-	father	officer	teacher	doctor	

4- Write the question and the answer :-

1- when did you come to egypt ……………………………………

2- they visited aswan last week……………………………………

Word Time

1	say the alphabet	يقول حروف الهجاء
2	throw a ball	يلقى الكرة
3	blow a bubble	ينفخ الفقاعات
4	count to ten	يعد الى عشرة
5	build a sandcastle	يبنى قلعة من الرمال
6	spell a word	يتهجى كلمة
7	catch a butterfly	يمسك الفراشة
8	cut out a heart	يقطع قلب
9	peel an orange	يقشر برتقالة
10	speak English	يتحدث الإنجليزية

Structures

Order الأمر

الأمر المثبت : نبدأ الجملة بالفعل في المصدر

Open your book .

الأمر المنفي : نضع **Don't** في أول الجملة + المصدر

Don't stand up .

---

too – very

too جداً : لدرجة انه لا يمكن

The box is too heavy **(I can't carry it)** .

very جداً : ولكن يمكن

The box is very heavy **(I can carry it)** .

---

so did + فاعل

للتعبير عن شيء فعله الشخص مثلما فعله الشخص المتحدث

* I played the tuba . So did I .

Exercises

1- Circle the odd one out and replace it with a correct one :-

1-	tiger	butterfly	lion	elephant	………………
2-	sandcastle	ten	beach	sand	………………
3-	spell	say	catch	English	………………
4-	board	peel an orange	cut out a heart	catch	………………
5-	orange	word	banana	apple	………………

2- Rearrange the following words to make correct sentences:

1] don't – know – I – how.

……………………………………………………………

2] are – What – eating – you?

……………………………………………………………

3] too – hard – is – It .

……………………………………………………………

4] get – I – a – once – haircut – month – a.

……………………………………………………………

3 – Choose the correct answer:

1 – Soha cleaned the room by (myself – herself – himself – itself).

2 – I can (peel – build – fly – make) an orange.

3 –What did you get? – I (get – getting – gets – got) a hundred.

4 – I get a haircut once (a – an – the – in) month.

5 –(Look– See – Give – Take) out! There's a bee behind you.

6 – I (watch – is watching – watches – was watching) TV. When my father came.

7 – Come (in – at – on – of) Nahla. Don't give up.

8 – Let me (show – shows – showing – showed) you.

Focus time

Can - could

✍نستخدم **can** للتعبير عن القدرة على فعل شيء فى المضارع

✍نستخدم **could** للتعبير عن القدرة على فعل شئ فى الماضى

ملحوظة _ can – could يأتي بعدهما الفعل في المصدر بدون اضافات

وللنفي نضع بعدهما كلمة { not }

النفى :- نفى can ⟵ can't - نفى could ⟵ couldn't

✍ In the past I couldn't swim , but now I can swim .

✍When I was seven I could ride a bike , but I couldn't drive a car.

Verb To be فعل يكون

Present مضارع		Past ماضى	
I →	am	I →	was
He, She, It, اسم مفرد →	is	He, She, It, اسم مفرد →	was
You, We, They, اسم جمع →	are	You, We, They, اسم جمع →	were

Ex. When I was four I could say my name , now I can write it .

Ex. When she was six she could read , now she can read and write .

Ex. When he was seven , he could run , now he can jump .

Ex. When we were nine we could fly a kite , now we can ride a bike .

Practice Time

When	I was / you were	little,	I / you	could / couldn't	peel an orange.

When + فاعل + (was / were) + بقية الجملة , فاعل + (could / couldn't) + مصدر

When I was little , I could count to ten .
When they were little , they couldn't speak English .



1- Read the passage and answer the questions :-

Aya is a student in our school. She is thirteen years old. She gets up at six o'clock. She walks to school every day because her house is near the school. At school, she learns many subjects. Her teachers like her because she gets high marks. Aya comes back home at two o'clock. She studies her lessons and goes to bed at ten o'clock.

A- Choose the correct answer from a, b, c or d :-

1- Aya goes to school ....
a- by car b- on foot c- by bus d- by taxi

2- Aya comes back home ....
a- at one o'clock. b- at two o'clock.
c- at three o'clock. d- at six o'clock.

B- Answer the following questions :-

3- Why do the teachers like Aya ?.......................................
4- When does Aya go to bed ?...

2- Look and write :-

………………………………………………………………
………………………………………………………………
………………………………………………………………
………………………………………………………………



3-Write an email of four sentences to your friend Noha, whose email is (noha@Yahoo.com) to tell her about what you could do and couldn't do when you were little. Your name is Mona and your email address is (mona@Yahoo.com)

…………………………………………………………………………………………
…………………………………………………………………………………………
…………………………………………………………………………………………
…………………………………………………………………………………………
…………………………………………………………………………………………
…………………………………………………………………………………………
…………………………………………………………………………………………
…………………………………………………………………………………………
…………………………………………………………………………………………

4 – Choose the correct answer:

1 – He (can – will – could – was)walk when he was two.

2 – I (can – could – was – did) ride a bike now.

3 –When I (were – was – is – are) little' I could cut out a heart.

4 – He (are – can – couldn't – were) play tennis when he was young.

5 – Can you (count– counts – counted – to count) to ten?

6 – He can (blow – spell – count – speak) a bubble.

7 – I can (catch – speak – peel – cut) a butterfly.

8 – Amany (were – are – is – am) short.

5- Punctuate the following sentences :-

1- when i was little, I could throw a ball

………………………………………………………………………..

2- what could dalia do

………………………………………………………………………….

Reading time

dear	عزيزي	show - showed	يعرض
how are you	كيف حالك	old photos	الصور القديمة
when	عندما	class	الفصل
moved away	عزلت - انتقلت	funny	مضحك
we miss you	وحشتنا	Story / stories	قصة / قصص
very much	كثيرا جدا	little	قليل
do you miss us?	هل وحشناك	build	يبني
last	الماضي	enormous	ضخم /هائل
Saturday	السبت	sand castle	قلعة رملية
kindergarten	حضانة	sandbox	حوض / صندوق رمل
remember	يتذكر	at break	في الفسحة
forget	ينسى	want to	يريد ان
too	ايضا / جدا	get out	يخرج
never	ابدا	write soon	اكتب لي حالا
frog	ضفدعة	new x old	جديد x قديم
for lunch	للغداء	makes friends	يكون صداقات

الأفعال المنتظمة			الأفعال غير المنتظمة		
live	lived	يعيش	see	saw	يرى
move	moved	يتحرك	say	said	يقول
miss	missed	يفقد	tell	told	يخبر
show	showed	يبين	build	built	يبني
want	wanted	يريد	go	went	يذهب
remember	remembered	يتذكر	forget	forgot	ينسى

1-Circle the odd word and replace it with a correct one.

1-	break	miss	move	class	....
2-	kindergarten	Saturday	Tuesday	Friday	....
3-	Cairo	enormous	Oxford	London	....
4-	October	sandcastle	November	March	....
5-	when	what	word	where	....

2.Read the passage, then answer the questions.

My name is Karima. I'm in grade six. My father is a doctor. He is helping sick people. My mother is an English teacher. She works at Ahmed Orabi School. She likes speaking English. She goes to school at seven and comes back at three. I want to be a teacher, too.

A- Choose the correct answer from a, b, c or d :-

1-Karima's mother comes back home .... two o'clock.

a- at b. before c. after d. with

2-Her father works in a ......

a-hospital b. school c. farm d. office

B- Answer the following questions :-

3-How old is Karima?...

4-What does Karima want to be?...

Test on Unit 8

1- Listen and circle :-

1- Where do you live ?

a- I live in Shoubra. b- I come from Shoubra .

2- When is your birthday ?

a- It's on 21st December . b- It's on the second floor .

3- a- Who are you ? b- How are you ?

- I'm fine, thanks .

4- a- Could Ali swim when he was little ?

b- Can Ali swim when he is little ?

- Yes, he could .

2- Listen and complete:-

Fatma : What's your favourite sport ?
Huda : My favourite sport is ....
Fatma : .... do you play tennis ?
Huda : In the ....
Fatma : When .... you play it ?
Huda : I always play tennis every morning.

3- Choose the correct answer from a, b, c or d:

[1] …………………is a tall kind of grass.

a) Chair b) Coffee c) Bamboo d) Bird

[2] Please, write the ………….. " d "on the board.

a) letter b) word c) number d) name

[3] When I was little, I ………….. ride a bike.

a) could b) can c) can't d) don't

[4] last Friday, We ………………. Miss Nahla.

a) meets b) meet c) met d) meeting

[5] Please help me ……………… out the homework.

a) pass b) speak c) catch d) spell

[6] When I was little, I could blow a / an …………...

a) ice cream b) tiger c) bubble d) box

[7] When he was little, he could ………. The alphabet.

a) speak b) say c) blow d) cut

[8] When you ……………… little, you could speak English.

a) are b) were c) was d) is

4- Circle the odd one out and replace it with a correct one :-

1-	banana	apple	orange	say	………………
2-	wanted	showed	photos	moved	………………
3-	red	peel	white	orange	………………
4-	tennis	football	volleyball	sandcastle	………………
5-	yesterday	Friday	Sunday	Monday	………………

5- Read the passage and answer the questions :-

Hi, class! My name is Adam Abo Bakr. I'm from Cairo. I moved to Alexandria last week. I had a lot of friends in Cairo. I walked to school with my friends five times a week. Our school was near the Big Zoo. We could see the pandas and the deer. I love animals. My friend Mona has a puppet named Sokkara. When we were little, we sometimes went to the beach with Sokkara. I could build enormous sandcastles. I like going to the beach. I miss my friends. We had fun together! But I think I'll make good friends in Alexandria, too. I'm going to have a party at my house. I want everyone to come !

A- Choose the correct answer from a, b, c or d :-

1- Adam Abo Bakr is from ....

a- Alexandria b- Cairo c- Giza d- Aswan

2- Adam walks to school with his friends five times ....

a- a day b- a week c- a month d- a year

B- Answer the following questions :-

3- When did Adam move to Alexandria ?...

4- Where was Adam's school ?..

6- Look and write :-

....

....

....

....

....

7- Rearrange the following words to make correct sentences:

1] get – What – did – you?

. . . .

2] did – move – When – to – he - Alexandria?

. . . .

3] buy – did – month – what – you - last ?

. . . .

4] build – sandcastles – He – can – enormous.

. . . .

8- Punctuate the following sentences :-

1- reham and dina like arabic

. . . .

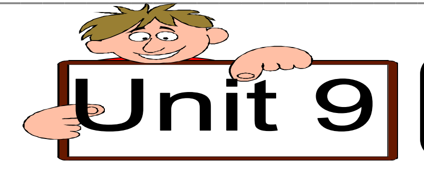
2- how does ali come to school

. . . .

الكلمة	معناها	الكلمة	معناها
....	حضانة	....	حفرة رملية للاطفال
....	المقدمة	....	منزل
....	حرف	....	وجبة الغداء
....	واجب	....	فكاهي
....	مائة	....	ضخم
....	سبورة	....	فسحة
....	ينطق الحروف	....	يكون اصدقاء
....	يحدث فقاقيع	....	صغير
....	قلعة رملية	....	ابدا
....	حوالي	....	صور
....	بسعادة	....	حالا
....	يتحدث الانجليزية	....	منزل
....	يمسك فراشة	....	نمر
....	يقشر برتقالة	....	ايضا
....	يرمي الكرة	....	فقط
....	يعد لغاية عشرة	....	عمل
....	يتهجي كلمة	....	يقص قلب
....	عزيزي	....	خطاب
....	قصص	....	حزين

Verbs

مضارع	ماضي	مضارع	ماضي
clean	....	**write**	....
count	....	**know**	....
peel	....	**give up**	....
get	....	**let**	....
do	....	**show**	....
say	....	**sit down**	....
blow	....	**throw**	....
build	....	**spell**	....
catch	....	**cut out**	....
miss	....	**speak**	....
remember	....	**come**	....
show	....	**live**	....
want	....	**meet**	....



Cities Around The World

Conversation Time

city – cities	مدينة (كبيرة)	plane	طائرة
town	مدينة (صغيرة)	pilot	طيار
around	حول	copilot	مساعد طيار
the world	العالم	fly (flew)	يطير
captain	قائد /كابتن/ قبطان	flight	رحلة طيران
interview (ed)	يجرى مقابلة	airline	خط جوي/شركة طيران
newspaper	جريدة / صحيفة	abroad	بالخارج
few x many	قليل × كثير (عدد)	overseas	حول العالم
male	مذكر	one third	ثلث
female	مؤنث	my pleasure	بكل سرور
being	كُونك – يكون	Do you ever	هل سبق لك
very much	كثير جدا	go ahead	أستمر
would like		like + (v-ing)	يحب / يرغب في
Work for	يعمل لدى / عند	once	مرة واحدة
thank (ed)	يشكر	twice	مرتان
think (thought)	يفكر - يعتقد	three times	ثلاث مرات
I 'd like to + مصدر = I want to + مصدر	أود ان .... أريد أن	Have an overseas flight I always Have a copilot	يقوم بـ يستعين بـ

Important notes ملاحظات هامة

بعض التعبيرات المستخدمة في المحادثة:-

1	We'd like to interview you for our school newspaper.	نريد أن نجرى معك حوار لمجلة مدرستنا
2	Could we ask you a few questions?	هل يمكن أن نسألك بعض الأسئلة
3	How many females pilots work for your airline?	كم عدد الطيارين السيدات الذين يعملون فى خطوطكم الجوية؟
4	Do you ever fly abroad?	هل سافرت للخارج من قبل؟
5	I have an overseas flight once a month.	أنا أقوم برحلة جوية مرة كل شهر
6	Do you like being a pilot?	هل تحب وظيفتك كطيار؟

1. Listen and circle:-

1.What do you want?

A. I want to see the plane. B. I help my father.

2.Do you ever fly at night?

A. Yes, I often fly at night. B. Yes, I never go there.

3.I can't lift it.

A. Can you sing? B. Can you lift the box?

4.I usually drink four cups of coffee.

A. How much coffee do you have?

B. How many cups do you buy?

2- Listen and complete:-

Hany : Hello, Adel ?
Adel : Hello, Hany.
Hany : How .... you ?
Adel : I'm .... , thank you.
Hany : What do you .... to be, Adel ?
Adel : I want to be a pilot.
Hany : Why ?
Adel : Because I .... flying planes.

3- Circle the odd one out and replace it with a correct one :-

1-	Paris	Cairo	London	fish	………………
2-	March	November	Sunday	December	………………
3-	newspaper	pilot	teacher	nurse	………………
4-	school	ask	airport	zoo	………………
5-	How	What	female	When	………………

4- Punctuate the following sentences :-

1- last Monday, i went to Giza

2- she's going to stay in egypt

Word Time

Rome	روما (عاصمة ايطاليا)	map	خريطة
Tokyo	طوكيو (عاصمة اليابان)	How long ..?	كم المدة......؟
Seoul	سول (عاصمة كوريا الجنوبية)	cool	لطيف – معتدل
Paris	باريس (عاصمة فرنسا)	fight fires	يطفئ النيران
London	لندن (عاصمة انجلترا)	fire fighter	رجل مطافي
Cairo	القاهرة (عاصمة مصر)	once a month	مرة شهريا
Hong Kong	هونج كونج	other	آخر – أخرى
Honolulu	هونولولو (عاصمة ولاية لاهاي)	be	يكون
San Francisco	سان فرانسيسكو (ولاية كاليفورنيا)	I'd like to	أحب أن
New York City	مدينة نيويورك	often	غالباً
U S A	الولايات المتحدة الامريكية	need	يحتاج
What a cool !	ما أجملها	coffee	قهوة

Structures

How Oftenكم مرة

للسؤال عن عدد مرات حدوث الفعل

للإجابة نستخدم

once مرة واحدة - twice مرتان - three times ثلاثة مرات - four times أربعة مرات

or

usually عادة - always دائما - sometimes أحيانا - never ابدا - etc ….

How often do you visit the pyramids ? I sometimes visit them .

How often do you get a haircut ? - Once a month .

نستخدم **ever** في السؤال لمعرفة أنه سبق عمل الفعل قبل ذلك أم لا :-

A: Do you ever fly a bird ?

B: Do you ever visit the pyramids ?

للسؤال عن الجنسية :- Where is she from ? She's from Paris

للتعبير عن الإعجاب بشئ :- What a ……! What a cool plane



1- Read the passage and answer the questions :-

My name is Tarek. I go to a primary school. My father is a pilot. He works at the airport. My mother is a teacher. She works in a school. My favourite sport is swimming. I like diving in the water. I want too be a diver because I like saving people's lives.

A- Choose the correct answer from a, b, c or d :-

1- Tarek's mother is a ....

a- diver b- pilot c- teacher d- nurse

2- Tarek wants to be a diver because he likes .... people's lives.

a- making b- flying c- saving d- watching

B- Answer the following questions :-

3- Where does Tarek's father work ? ……………………….

4- What is Tarek's favourite sport ?....................................

2- Circle the odd one out and replace it with a correct one :-

1-	Paris	Cairo	London	fish	………………
2-	March	November	Sunday	December	………………
3-	newspaper	pilot	teacher	nurse	………………
4-	school	ask	airport	zoo	………………
5-	How	What	female	When	………………

3- Look and write :-



…………………………………………………………………

…………………………………………………………………

…………………………………………………………………

…………………………………………………………………

4 -Rearrange the following:

1– No, - always – copilot – have – I.

2 – plane – fly – Do – by – you – the – yourself?

3– have – month – once – Yes, - flight – a – an – I – overseas

4 - Samy – Paris – When – go – did – to ?

Focus time

Months of The Year

January	يناير	July	يوليو
February	فبراير	August	أغسطس
March	مارس	September	سبتمبر
April	أبريل	October	أكتوبر
May	مايو	November	نوفمبر
June	يونيه	December	ديسمبر

للسؤال عن الوقت نستخدم (متى) **When**

When + فعل مساعد + فاعل +فعل أساسى + ?

When do you get up ? - I **get** up at seven o'clock .

When does he get up ? - He **gets** up at seven o'clock .

When did you get up ? - I **got** up at seven o'clock .

إذا جاء فى السؤال do نضع الفعل فى الإجابة فى المصدر.

1 - When do they go to school ?

They go to school at half past seven .

إذا جاء فى السؤال does نضع الفعل فى الإجابة مضاف له s

2 - When does he go to school ?

He goes to school at half past seven .

إذا جاء فى السؤال did نضع الفعل فى الإجابة فى الماضى .

3 - When did she go to school ?

She went to school at half past seven

Practice Time

How long كم للمدة

- للسؤال عن مدة حدوث شيء نستخدم

How long + فعل مساعد + فاعل + فعل + ?

- للإجابة: (for + فترة زمنية)

Ex: How long was Jana there ?

She was there for ten days .

How long were you there? I was there for two days

Ex. When did you go to San Francisco? I went in March.

How long were you there? I was there for two days.

When did	he they	go to Hong Kong?
	He They	went in April.

How long	was he were they	there?
	He was They were	there for one week.

Exercises

1-Choose the correct answer:

1 – I was there (for – to – ago – now) eight days.

2 – How long (do – will – were – have) you there?

3 – Did you (go – went – going – goes) to the beach yesterday?

4 – Dina went to Sharm EL-Sheikh (on – in – at – with) August.

5 – (Cairo – Alexandria – Rome – Paris) is the capital of Egypt.

6 - (Cairo – Alexandria – Rome – Paris) is in Italy.

7 -(Cairo – Tokyo – Rome – Paris) is the capital of France.

8 - (Cairo – Alexandria – Rome – Honolulu)is in the U.S.A.

2- Listen and complete:-

Rodina: Did you visit Paris ?
Roqia : yes, I ....
Rodina: When did you .... to Paris ?
Roqia : I went in January.
Rodina: How .... were you there ?
Roqia : I was there for three ....

3- Circle the odd one out and replace it with a correct one :-

1-	April	May	January	London	....
2-	fish	boat	bus	train	....
3-	theatre	shop	thousand	museum	....
4-	pencil	book	bear	bag	....
5-	month	day	week	mouse	....

Reading time

How long…?	كم مدة ..... ؟	restaurant	كافيتريا – مطعم
for	لمدة – لآجل	museum	متحف
over	فوق – زيادة على	opera	أوبرا– رواية غنائية
hundreds <u>of</u>	مئات من	theater	مسرح
thousand	ألف ١٠٠٠	jazz	موسيقى الجاز
million	مليون ١٠٠٠٠٠٠	all	كل – جميع
people	ناس	statue	تمثال
the most	الأغلب – الأكثر	liberty	الحرية
exciting	مثير	empire	إمبراطورية
place	مكان	The Empire State Building	مبنى إمبايرستيت
ticket	تذكرة	call us at	اتصل بنا على ....
show	عرض	hotel	فندق
universal	عالمى	rent– rented	يؤجر
universal studios	استديوهات عالمية	state	ولاية - دولة
the world	العالم	Broadway	برودواى(اسم مدينة)
Disney World	عالم ديزنى	Orlando	أورلاندو (اسم مدينة)
Sea World	عالم البحار	Carnegie Deli	اسم مطعم
tour	جولة	information	معلومات
boat tours	جولات بالقارب	available	متاح – متوفر
favourite trip	رحلة مفضلة	kind	نوع / طيب / عطوف
shop	يتسوق – محل	forget–forgot	ينسى – نسى
department store	متجر متعدد الأقسام	snowman	رجل ثلجي

➢➢ نستخدم (**over**) بمعنى (أكثر من) :-

<u>Over</u> 100 pupils were absent .

****

➢➢ اذا جاء رقم قبل الكلمات (**hundred / thousand / million**) لانضيف لها **S**

Over 10 million people visit Egypt .

➢➢ أما إذا لم يأت قبله رقم نضيف لها (**s**) ويكون معناها

مئات (**hundreds**) آلاف (**thousands**) ملايين (**millions**)

There are thousands of birds flying in the sky .

****

➢➢و لاحظ استخدام (**for**) بمعنى (لغرض) :-

Get tickets <u>for</u> a show .

➢➢ لاحظ بعد (**It's one of the world's**) تأتى الصفة مضافاً إليها (**est**):-

America is one of the world's bigg<u>est</u> countries .

➢➢ أو يضاف(**most**) قبل الصفات الطويلة:-

Paris is one of the world's most exciting places .



1-Listen and circle.

1. When did he go to Hong Kong?

A. He was there for four days. **B .He went there in October.**

2. When did Susan go to Cairo?

A. She went to Cairo in July. **B.She will go the next week.**

3. I was there for four days.

A. How long were you there? **B.When did you go to Paris?**

4. No, i didn't.

A. Did you go to Tokyo? **B. Where did you go?**

2-Read the passage, then answer the questions:-

Over 10 million people visit Egypt every year. Why? Because it's one of the world's most exciting places. There are 180 thousand hotel rooms thousands of shops, and 120 parks. Visit Cairo tower and Giza Pyramids tours are available daily, Get tickets for a show at the National Circus. don't forget to go to the beach at Alexandria.

A- Choose the correct answer from a, b, c or d :-

1. Over 10 .... people visit Egypt every year.

a. hundred b. thousand c. million d. great

2. Get .... for a show at the National Circus.

a. books b. planes c. flights d. tickets

B- Answer the following questions :-

3. How many hotel rooms are there in Egypt?

----

4. What kind of tours are available daily in Egypt?

3- Rearrange the following:

7 - It's – the – one – world's – places – most – exciting – of.

……………………………………………………………………….

8 – have – month – once – Yes, - flight – a – an – I – overseas.

……………………………………………………………………….

9 – July – Did – in – you – to – the – beach – go ?

……………………………………………………………………….

10 - Samy – Paris – When – go – did – to ?

Test on Unit 9

1- Listen and circle :-

1- What time you eat lunch yesterday ?

a- I ate lunch at six o'clock. b- I played football at seven o'clock

2- Did you go to the beach in July ?

a- Yes, I do. b- Yes, I did .

3- a- Where do you go ? b- How did you go to the pyramids ?

I went to the pyramids by bus.

4- a- Did you take photographs ? b- Did you like your school ?

- Yes, I did .

2- Listen and complete:-

Ramy: Could we .... you a few questions ?
Pilot: Sure. Go ahead.
Ramy: How many female pilots work for your airlines?
Pilot: I think one third of the .... are female.
Ramy: Do .... ever fly abroad ?
Pilot: Yes, I have an overseas flight once a ....

3- Choose the correct answer from a, b, c or d:

[1] Could we ask you ………………questions?
a) A few b) A little c) much d) a lot

[2] Hind was in Hong Kong ………….. a week.
a) on b) for c) at d) of

[3] How ………….. female pilots work for your airlines?
a) many b) much c) far d) long

[4] Do you fly a plane by ……………….
a) myself b) himself c) yourself d) itself

[5] Come and you'll find all tours ………………
a) expensive b) bad c) sad d) available

[6] I have a / an ………….... flight once a month.
a) Seas b) beach c) market d) overseas

[7] How ………. Were you in Luxor?
a) tall b) far c) old d) long

[8] Over 30 million people ……………… Orlando every year.
a) visit b) get c) call d) buy

4- Circle the odd one out and replace it with a correct one :-

1-	restaurant	museum	hotel	pilot	………………
2-	ticket	sandwich	cheese	rice	………………
3-	ten	bank	million	thousand	………………
4-	basketball	football	milk	volleyball	………………
5-	flight	copilot	teacher	waiter	………………

5- Read the passage and answer the questions :-

Over 30 million people visit New York City every year. Why? Because it's one of the world's most exciting places. There are 18 thousand restaurants, 10 thousand shops, and 150 museums. Basketball, opera, theatre, jazz… New York City has it all! Visit the Statue of Liberty and the Empire State Building. Get tickets for a show at a Broadway theatre. Have a sandwich at Carnegie Deli. Don't forget to shop at Macy's! It's the world's biggest department store.

A- Choose the correct answer from a, b, c or d :-

1- There are 18 .... restaurant .
a- hundred b- thousand c- million d- ten

2- Over 30 million people visit New York City every ....
a- day b- year c- month d- week

B- Answer the following questions :-

3- How many museum are there in New York City ?..............................

4- Why do people visit New York City ?...

6- Write an email of four sentences to your friend Ahmed, whose email is (ahmed@Yahoo.com) to tell him about your visit to Cairo last month. Your name is Shady and your email address is (shady@Yahoo.com)

……………………………………………………………………………………………
……………………………………………………………………………………………
……………………………………………………………………………………………
……………………………………………………………………………………………
……………………………………………………………………………………………
……………………………………………………………………………………………
……………………………………………………………………………………………
……………………………………………………………………………………………

7- Rearrange the following words to make correct sentences:

1] time – for – Thanks – for.

....

2] do– people – Why – visit – Paris?

....

3] like – a – you – Do – pilot - being ?

....

4] always – has – She – a copilot.

....

8- Write the question and the answer :-

1- what s your father's job

2- i like english and Arabic

Vocabulary

الكلمة	معناها	الكلمة	معناها
	كابتن		بمفردك
	جريدة		رحلة جوية
	متاكد		قليل (للعدد)
	عبر البحار		خارج البلاد
	طيار		ثلث
	انثي		مساعد طيار
	جريدة مدرسية		تقدم
	يود ان		رحلة طيران بالخارج
	بكل سرور		بعمل لدي

Verbs

مضارع	ماضي	مضارع	ماضي
interview	....	see	....
like	....	let	....
go	....	drink	....
fly	....	come	....
have	....	want	....
think	....	help	....
work	....	lift	....

الكلمة	معناها	الكلمة	معناها
Over	....	....	تمثال الحرية
Welcome	....	....	مكان
The big apple	....	....	تذاكر

exciting	....	....	عرض
restaurant	....	....	رحلات تمشية
bus tours	....	....	مليون
daily	....	....	الف
a hotel room	....	....	مسرح
the world	....	....	محلات
museum	....	....	رحلات بالقارب
Opera	....	....	متاح
Jazz	....	....	معلومات
department store	....	....	منتزه
مضارع	ماضي	مضارع	ماضي
forget	....	....	rented
shop	....	....	helped
visit	....	....	called
get	....	....	had

Unit 10 At school

Conversation Time

programme	برنامج	news	أخبار (مفرد)
about	عن	besides	بالاضافة الى ذلك
Africa	أفريقيا	beside	بجانب
miss (ed)	يفقد – فقد	neither	أيضا – لا (نفى)
gorilla	غوريلا	Me , neither	ولا أنا أيضاً
really	حقا–فى الحقيقة	as ...... as	كمثل / تماما مثل
cool x noisy	لطيف × صاخب	fun	مرح
football match	مباراة كرة قدم	As fun as	مرح مثل
What was on ?	عن ماذا	real	حقيقى
afternoon	بعد الظهيرة	game	لعبة
house	منزل	on a school night	في ليلة يصبحها دراسة
watch (ed)	يشاهد	let - let	يسمح يدع
animals	حيوانات	let me	دعنى – اسمح لي

yesterday	أمس	film	فيلم
on (TV)	في التليفزيون	tonight	الليلة
will not = won't	سوف لا	last night	الليلة الماضية
time for class	حان وقت الحصة	too bad	سئ جدا
think about + (v-ing)	يفكر في	bell	جرس
dream about + (v-ing)	يحلم بـ	come over	يأتى من مكان

Important notes ملاحظات هامة

بعض التعبيرات المستخدمة فى المحادثة:-

1	Where were you yesterday afternoon?	أين كنت بعد الظهر بالأمس؟
2	At Mona's house, We were watching TV.	فى منزل منى. كنت أشاهد التليفزيون.
3	What was on?	ما هو البرنامج الذى تم عرضه؟
4	A programme about animals in Africa.	برنامج عن الحيوانات فى أفريقيا.
5	Aw, I missed it. Was it good?	ياه! لم ألحق مشاهدته. هل كان جيداً
6	Yeah, it was. The gorillas were really cool.	نعم كان جيداً. الغوريلات كانت لطيفة حقاً
7	Did you watch the football match last night?	هل شاهدت مباراة كرة القدم الليلة الماضية؟
8	No, my mum was watching the news. Besides, I don't like watching football matches on TV.	لا. أمى كانت تشاهد الأخبار. بالاضافة الى ذلك أنا لا أحب مشاهدة مباريات كرة القدم فى التليفزيون
9	Me, neither. It's not as fun as watching a real game.	ولا أنا أيضاَ انها ليست ممتعة كمشاهدة لعبة حقيقية
10	Hey! There's a good film on tonight. Do you want to come over?	يوجد فيلم جيد هذه الليلة هل تريد أن تأتى؟
11	I can't. My mum won't let me watch TV on a school night.	لا أستطيع. أمى لن تسمح لى أن أشاهد التليفزيون
12	Too bad. Oh! There's the bell. Time for class!	هذا سئ جداً لقد رن الجرس وحان وقت الحصة

Important notes ملحوظات هامـــة

١ – الماضى المستمر :- (was – were + verb (inf) + ing)

They were playing yesterday .

---

٢ – كلمة news تعامل معاملة المفرد :- There is a good news.

---

٣ –نستخدم حرف الجر on مع وسائل الإعلام :- on TV – on computer

---

٤ – نستخدم neither بمعنى أيضا فى حالة النفى

---

٥ – يأتى بعد let الفعل فى الصدر :- Let me watch the TV .

---

٦ – تأتى too قبل الصفات بمعنى جدا و فى نهاية الجملة المثبتة بمعنى أيضا

- Dina likes English , Salwa likes English too .
- Amgd is too clever . أمجد شاطر جدا

---

٧ - تأتى will (بمعنى سوف) مع كل ضمائر الفاعل و تسمى بالفعل الناقص لآن ليس لها تصريف ثالث و نفيها هو won't بمعنى سوف لا

Comparing adjectives مقارنة الصفات

عند المقارنة لصفة من الصفات بين شخصين أو شيئين يشتركان فى نفس مقدار الصفة فإننا نقوم بالتالى:-

المقارن الثانى + as + الصفة بدون إضافات + as + المقارن الأول

أمثلـــة

1 - The tiger is as fast as the tiger.

2 - Ahmed is as tall as Mohammed .

النفى :- فى النفى نضع كلمة not قبل as

أمثلة :- Magda is not as tall as Aya .

Exercises

1- Listen and complete:

Sara : Where were you yesterday afternoon?

Noha :At Mona's house. We were ……………… TV.

Sara :What ……………….. on?

Noha :A programme about animals in Africa.

Sara :Aw, I missed it. Was it …………………?

Noha :Yeah, it was. The ………………… were really cool.

Word Time

1	Skip lunch	يترك الغداء
2	forget my homework	انسي واجبي
3	go to bed late	يذهب للفراش متأخراً
4	fall off my chair	اقع من على دراجتي
5	get a good mark	يحصل علي درجة جيدة
6	lose my favourite pencil	افقد قلمي الرصاص المفضل
7	make a mistake	يرتكب خطأ
8	take off my jacket	اخلع معطفي
9	win a prize	يفوز بجائزة
10	turn off the fan	يطفيء المروحة

Eercises

1- Circle the odd one out and replace it with a correct one :-

1-	missed	watched	like	wanted	………………
2-	class	school	bag	home	………………
3-	Luxor	Giza	Tanta	English	………………
4-	at	on	cold	with	………………
5-	gorilla	Africa	lion	tiger	………………

2- Choose the correct answer from a, b, c or d:

[1] Ahmed won a ………….. for his good work.
a) favourite b) bread c) fan d) prize

[2] It's too hot. …………. off your jacket?
a) turn b) take c) put d) fall

[3]Would you like to come …………..?
a) at b) over c) on d) off

[4]Oh! I ………………my favourite pencil.
a) played b) lost c) fell d) went

[5] I'm sorry, I …………….. my homework.
a) turned b) skipped c) forgot d) fell

[6] The gorillas……………….. really cool.
a) was b) were c) do d) have

[7] Where……… you yesterday afternoon?
a) was b) are c) were d) have

[8] ……………off the fan when you go to bed.
a) Turn b) Get c) Put d) Eat

3- Rearrange the following words to make correct sentences:

1] were – long – there – you – How?

………………………………………………………

2] match – night – the – last – football – Did - watch - you?

………………………………………………………

3] tonight – film – There's – on – good .

………………………………………………………

4] you – Do – come – want – over - to ?

………………………………………………………

4-punctuate the following sentences:-

1- no she can t swim

……………………………………………………..

2- she s going to stay in egypt

……………………………………………………..

Foucs Time

hungry	جوعان	sad	حزين
nervous	عصبى/ متوتر	disappointed	مُحبط
tired	متعب / مُجهد	cold	بردان
embarrassed	مرتبك	hot	حران
happy	سعيد	proud	فخور

Practice Time

الحالة الاولي من(if)

If اذا / لو

1 – If + مضارع بسيط , فاعل + will+ فعل في المصدر

- **If you take off your jacket, you will be cold**
- **If she skips lunch, she will be hungry.**
- **If you study hard, you will succeed.**
- **If you sleep early, you will get up early.**

---

2 – If + المضارع................. + جمله أمريه..

- **If you want to come first, study six hours a day.**

الحالة الأولى تعبر عن شيئ محتمل حدوثه

ملحوظـــــة هامة :- إذا جاءت (if) فى بداية الجملة أو فى وسطها فأن الفعل الذى يأتى بعدها مباشرة يكون فى زمن المضارع البسيط و الفعل الآخر فى المستقبل البسيط .

If	I skip / she skips	lunch,	I'll / she'll	be hungry.

1 - Choose the correct answer :-

1 – If you take off your jacket , You (would – will – want) be cold .

2 – If you go to sleep early , you (can – could – will) get up early .

3 – She will be happy if she (get – gets – getting) high marks .

4 – He will be hungry , if he (skip – skipping – skips) lunch .

5 – If you lose your favourite pencil, you (will– would – can)be sad.

6 – If they win a prize , they (want – wants – will)be happy .

2- Listen and circle :-

1- Are you happy ?

a- Yes, I am .   b- Yes, I can .

2- What will happen if you go to bed late ?

a- I will be happy.   b- I will be tired.

3- a- When will you go to school ?

b- What will happen if you fall off your chair ?

- I will feel embarrassed.

4- a- What are the books made of ?   b- Where are the books ?

- *They are made of paper* .

2- Listen and complete:-

Teacher : Where is your ...., Ali ?
Ali : I didn't bring it.
Teacher : Why didn't you .... it ?
Ali : Because I didn't finished it yesterday.
Teacher : Why didn't you .... it ?
Ali : Because I was ....
Teacher : Did you visit the doctor ?
Ali : Yes, and he gave me some medicines.

3- Circle the odd one out and replace it with a correct one :-

1-	donkey	horse	homework	elephant	………………
2-	mistake	make	take	give	………………
3-	window	prize	door	chair	………………
4-	bread	shop	school	hospital	………………
5-	hungry	tired	happy	speak	………………

Reading Time

website	موقع الكترونى	Neil Armstrong	نيل ارمسترونج
fan	معجب – هاوى	walk	يمشى
know	يعرف	the moon	القمر
history	تاريخ	satellite	قمر صناعى
television - TV	تلفزيون	launch (ed)	ينطلق (قمر صناعى)
invent (ed)	يخترع – اخترع	begin- began	يبدأ – بدأ
on sale	معروض للبيع	Egyptian	مصرى
remote control	التحكم عن بعد	shop	محل
public	عام / شائع / علنى	open	يفتح
broadcasting	إذاعة/ بث تليفزيوني	internet	شبكة الانترنت
black and white	أبيض و أسود	percent (%)	بالمائة
in colour	بالألوان	print	يطبع
computer	كمبيوتر	chat (ted)	يدردش
electric	كهربى / اليكترونى	What happened?	ماذا حدث ؟
video	فيديو	wear a wig	يرتدى باروكة
video game	العاب الفيديو	build/built	يبنى – بنى
find out - found out	يكتشف	puppets	لعب – دمى
feel / felt	يشعر - شعر	money	نقود
feeling	الشعور	American	امريكى

Exercises

1- Listen and circle :-

1- Where does Hala live ?

a- She lives in Luxor. b- She lived in Luxor .

2- Did you get a good mark ?

a- Yes, I did . b- Yes, I do .

3- a- What will happen if you forgot your bag ?

b- What will happen if you skip lunch ?

- *I will be hungry.*

4- a- What will happen if you forgot your homework ?

b- When will you do your homework ? *- I will be nervous.*

2- Choose the correct answer from a, b, c or d:

[1] If I get a high mark, I'll be …………...

a) sad b) happy c) hot d) tired

[2] If he goes to bed …………., he'll be tired.

a) early b) late c) happily d) quickly

[3] If he takes off his jacket, he'll be…………..

a) cold b) sad c) late d) angry

[4]The Egyptian satellite was launched ……………1998 .

a) at b) on c) to d) in

[5] Neil Armstrong walked on the ………………

a) moon b) sun c) radio d) stars

[6] If you skip breakfast tomorrow, ………you be hungry ?

a) would b) were c) will d) can

[7] When did colour broadcasting……… ?

a) fall b) go c) begin d) get

[8] My mum won't let me ……………TV on a school night.

a) watch b) watching c) watches d) watched

---

3 – Circle the odd one out and replace it with a correct one :-

1	hungry	skip	sad	cold	………………………
2	beef	potatoes	fish	prize	………………………
3	hungry	nervous	embarrassed	fall	………………………
4	ship	plane	car	lunch	………………………
5	May	big	little	tall	………………………

4.punctuate the following sentences:-

1- i like to read english and arabic

……………………………………………………..

2- how did adel go to school last monday

……………………………………………………..

5- Read the passage and answer the questions :-

This is a story about my grandmother. Her name is Nan. She was born in 1930 in Cairo. When she was little, she could listen to music, but she couldn't watch TV. Why couldn't she watch TV? Because TVs didn't go on sale until 1939 and Public broadcasting began in Egypt in 1960.Grandma Nan liked listening to music. But she really liked watching TV. She watched her favourite shows with her brothers and sisters She watched Neil Armstrong walk on the moon in 1969. All the shows were in black and white. They couldn't watch TV in colour. Then colour broadcasting began in 1975. My grandmother Nan loved seeing the green grass, blue rivers, and white snow.

A- Choose the correct answer from a, b, c or d :-

1- Neil Armstrong walked on the ....

a- stars b- moon c- sky d- road

2- TVs didn't go on sale until ....

a- 1939 b- 1993 c- 1931 d- 1991

B- Answer the following questions :-

3- When was your grandmother born ?..

4- What could your grandmother do when she was little ?

…………………………………………………………………………..

6- Write an email of four sentences to your friend Samia, whose email is (samia@Yahoo.com) to tell her about your favourite TV programme. Your name is Ashraf and your email address is (shady@Yahoo.com)

……………………………………………………………………………………

……………………………………………………………………………………

……………………………………………………………………………………

……………………………………………………………………………………

……………………………………………………………………………………

……………………………………………………………………………………

……………………………………………………………………………………

Test on Unit 10

1- Listen and circle :-

1- Could you play football when you were little ?

a- No, I couldn't . b- No, I didn't .

2- What does Ali want to be ?

a- He wants to be a teacher. b- He wants to eat a banana.

3- a- What will happen if you get high marks ?
b- What will happen if you make a mistake ?

- *I will be disappointed.*

4- a- Did you want to be healthy ? b- Do you want to be healthy ?

- Yes, I do .

2- Listen and complete:-

Father: It's quarter to eight. You've got a test tomorrow ?
Rokia : Yes, Dad. I must go .... bed early.
Father: Did you .... your teeth ?
Rokia : Yes, I did .
Father: When will you .... ?
Rokia : I'll get up at six o'clock.
Father: Sleep well, Roqia. Don't .... about tomorrow.
Rokia : Good night, Dad.

3- Choose the correct answer from a, b, or c:-

[1] If she ………….. a mistake, she will be disappointed.
a) 'll make b) made c) make d) makes

[2] I watched a programme…………. animals on TV.
a) about b) over c) at d) in

[3]Don't …………..your homework.
a) invent b) remember c) forget d) win

[4] ………………off your jacket. It's very hot.
a) Turn b) Make c) Get d) Take

[5] If you go to bed late, you ……………..tired.
a) are b) 'll be c) be d) were

[6] ……………….. broadcasting began in Egypt in 1960.

a) Public b) General c) private d) Late

[7] It's not as ……… as watching a real game.

a) funny b) fun c) fan d) fin

[8] When did colour broadcasting ……………?

a) fall b) begin c) go d) get

4- Circle the odd one out and replace it with a correct one :-

1-	skirt	hat	juice	trousers	………………
2-	ship	plane	car	lunch	………………
3-	pen	book	ruler	win	………………
4-	sunny	rainy	skip	cloudy	………………
5-	radio	teacher	computer	camera	………………

5- Read the passage and answer the questions :-

Noha likes reading. She reads a book about TV. There is some information about the history of TV. In 1939, the first television went on sale. Then in 1956, the first television with remote control went on sale. By 1960 the public broadcasting began in Egypt. It was in black and white.

A- Choose the correct answer from a, b, c or d :-

1- In .... , the first television with remote control went on sale.

a- 1939 b- 1956 c- 1960 d- 1961

2- By 1960, the public broadcasting .... in Egypt.

a- played b- was c- went d- began

B- Answer the following questions :-

3- Who likes reading ?..

4- When did the first television go on sale?.........................

6- Look and write :-

……………………………………………………………………

……………………………………………………………………

……………………………………………………………………

……………………………………………………………………

7- Rearrange the following words to make correct sentences:

1] happened – watch – mum – My – let – TV – won't .

....

2] a prize – win – If – we – we'll – Did - happy – be.

....

3] colour – begin – When – broadcasting – did?

....

4] happened – What – 1998 – in ?

....

8.punctuate the following sentences:-

1- heba wants to visit hala

……………………………………………….

2- yasser travelled to aswan

……………………………………………….

Vocabulary

....	وجبة الغداء	....	جوعان
....	متاخر	....	متوتر
....	مفضل	....	متعب
....	جاكت	....	مرتبك
....	مروحة	....	سعيد
....	لحم بقري	....	حزين
....	سرير	....	فخور
....	درجة	....	حران
....	خطا	....	بردان
....	جائزة	....	محبط
....	خاص	....	اسود
....	مزاج	....	ابيض
....	بطاطس	....	بريد الكتروني

Verbs

مضارع	ماضي	مضارع	ماضي	مضارع	ماضي
Skip	....	get	....	turn off	....
forget	....	lose	....	borrow	....
go	....	make	....	take off	....
fall off	....	win	....	invent	....

الكلمة	المعني	الكلمة	المعني
....	موقع علي النت	....	جائزة
....	معجب	....	علي سطح القمر
....	التحكم عن بعد	....	يعرف عن
....	اسود	....	اول قمر صناعي مصري
....	ابيض	....	محل كمبيوتر
....	يتخطي	....	الاذاعة العامة
....	متعب	....	يعرض للبيع
....	محبط	....	ابيض واسود
....	بريد الكتروني	**مضارع**	**ماضي**
....	يطبع	**get**	....
....	البيع	**find**	....
....	عام	**begin**	....
....	الاذاعة	**forget**	....
....	مادة التاريخ	**build**	....
....	لون	**chat**	....
....	فخور	**invent**	....
....	درجة	**walk**	....
....	الاول	**launch**	....
....	كهربي	**print**	....
....	في المائة	**know**	....
....	يدردش	**wear**	....
....	يخترع	**win**	....
....	يمشي	**lose**	....
....	يطلق	**watch**	....
....	يبني	**skip**	....
....	ينسي	**borrow**	....
....	يعرف	**take**	....
....	يبدا	**fall**	....
....	يحصل علي	**shop**	....
....	مزاج	**run**	....
....	خاص	**rent**	....

Punctuation علامات الترقيم

١- نستخدم الحروف الكبيرة فى بداية الجملة.

⇘ Ex: Open your book.

٢- نستخدم الحروف الكبيرة فى أول اسماء الناس، وأيام الأسبوع، والشهور والقارات والأنـهار، والبلاد وأسماء المدن واللغات.

Noura – Hassan	أسماء أشخاص
Sunday – Monday	أيام اسبوع
May – June	الشهور
Egypt – Giza	المدن والدول
Arabic – English	اللغات

٣- تحويل الضمير (I) أنا فى أى مكان فى الجملة حرف كبير.

⇘ Ex: I want to be a teacher when I grow up.

٤- نضع نقطة فى نهاية الجملة الخبرية (.).

⇘ Ex: They are eight years old .

٥- نضع علامة إستفهام فى نهاية الجملة الإستفهامية (?).

⇘ Ex: What's your name ?

٦- نستخدم الفاصلة فى الحالات الأتية:

أ – للفصل بين مجموعة من الكلمات من نوع واحد.

⇘ Ex: Suzy, Jana , Salwa and Reem are friends.

ب – بعد كلمة (Yes, No,):

⇘ Ex: Yes, he is.

⇘ Ex: No, he isn't.

ج – بعد المخاطب إذا جاء أول الجملة وقبلة إذا جاء آخر الجملة.

⇘ Ex: Reem, come here.

⇘ Ex: Come here, Reem.

٦- نستخدم علامة الحذف والاختصار الفاصلة العليا (') فى الحالات الأتية:

He's = He is في حالة حذف حرف من الكلمة * Jana's book في حالة الملكية

'm 's 't 're 've 'll 'd o'clock أمثلة